Fiscal Estimate - 2015 Session

☑ Original	Updated	Correc	ted [Suppleme	ental
LRB Number	15-3192/1	Introducti	on Number	SB-368	
Description Creating a legislative	e office of inspector gene	ral and making appropri	ations		
Fiscal Effect					
State: No State Fiscation of the control of the co	xisting Ir ons R Existing D	ncrease Existing evenues recrease Existing revenues	Increase Cos absorb within Yes Decrease Co	agency's buc	
Indeterminate 1. Increase Permissi 2. Decrease	Costs 3. Inve Mandatory Pe Costs 4. De	crease Revenue ermissive Mandatory ecrease Revenue ermissive Mandatory	5.Types of Loca Units Affected Towns Counties School Districts		Cities
Fund Sources Affe	cted PRO PRS	SEG SEGS	Affected Ch. 20 A	Appropriation	IS
Agency/Prepared E	Зу	Authorized Signa	ture		Date
			rin Fath (608) 266-2804		

Fiscal Estimate Narratives DPI 11/10/2015

LRB Number	15-3192/1	Introduction Number	SB-368	Estimate Type	Original				
Description									
Creating a legislative office of inspector general and making appropriations									

Assumptions Used in Arriving at Fiscal Estimate

This bill creates a nonpartisan, legislative service agency known as the "Legislative Office of Inspector General," consisting of 13 inspectors general and their staff who are assigned to and housed at the headquarters of certain state agencies including the Department of Public Instruction (DPI). Each inspector general would be appointed for a 6-year term by the Joint Committee on Legislative Organization.

This bill requires the DPI to provide office space at its agency headquarters for the inspector general and their staff. The DPI does not have an office or cubicles available for the inspector general or their staff. The one-time cost for the build out of an office would be \$25,000 GPR and the cost of cubicles would be \$5,000 GPR per cubicle.

Under this bill, the inspector general assigned to the DPI would be required to investigate fraud, waste, abuse, or inefficiency in DPI programs or activities. An inspector general shall endeavor to identify savings for state agencies that would pay at least the costs incurred by the inspector general in carrying out the investigations. Before the DPI may expend on its activities and programs any money saved as a result of the inspector general investigations, the DPI must first use these savings to pay all costs incurred by the inspector general in carrying out the investigations.

The DPI is unable to estimate the ongoing state fiscal effect of this bill because it cannot estimate the savings that would result from investigations carried out by the inspector general. This bill requires the DPI to pay for all services provided by the inspectors general. This bill also requires that an inspector general must at all times with or without notice have access to any books, records, or other documents maintained by the agency relating to its expenditures, revenues, operations, and structure. DPI would essentially be required to provide staff resources to the inspector general "with or without notice" to assist with investigations redirecting work from current duties under this bill.

Long-Range Fiscal Implications